

GERTRUDE BARBER, MINNIE COWEN, AND RAY SAWYER THE SISTERS WHO INDEXED NEW YORK

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(Continued from THE RECORD 142:287)

GENEALOGICAL SUMMARY—BARNARD

1. **MANUS/MENACHEM^A SOCHACHEVSKY³⁶³** was born probably in Poland, and he died perhaps in London, England.³⁶⁴ His name is Menachem in the Hebrew inscription on his daughter-in-law Emilie Barnard's grave marker.³⁶⁵ As noted below, when son Abraham Levy first married in 1850 he gave his father's name as L. Levy.³⁶⁶ Nothing further is known of Manus/Menachem Sochachevsky, including record of his wife or wives.

Children, all born probably in Poland, birth order unknown:³⁶⁷

2. i. **BARUCH¹ BARNARD**, born about 1811–1812 or 1815–1817; died in New York, New York, 8 September 1870; married first ANNA/HANNAH REPINSKI or POHOLSKY; second MIREL/AMELIA/EMILIE/EMILY COHN.
- ii. **SON**, born unknown. Bernard Cowen wrote, "But all my grandfather's brothers were not such as to be proud of," and this one was "a convert to Christianity and did work of a proselytizing nature."³⁶⁸
- iii. **LOUIS**, died "at an early age."³⁶⁹
- iv. **ABRAHAM¹ LEVY³⁷⁰** born about 1823–1828 or possibly 1834–1835,³⁷¹ died of pneumonia and syncope at his residence, 177 St. Luke's Road, Edgbaston [Parish],

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³⁶³ His great-grandson Bernard Cowen (Family Reminiscences, ca. 1950s, copy provided by Bernard's grandson Norman Bernard Mandelbaum of Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 2005) wrote, "[My mother's] father's people evidently had something in common with [the city of Sochachev] because his name was Sochachevsky which meant son of Sochachev. Her father's father's first name was Manus." The surname is certainly a variant of Sochaczewski, which derives from the town of Sochaczew in the Warsaw area (Alexander Beider, *A Dictionary of Jewish Surnames from the Kingdom of Poland* [Teaneck, N.J.: Avotaynu, 1996], 394, 395).

³⁶⁴ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363): "I recall that my mother had mentioned that her father's father, Manus, . . . also dwelt in London, but lacking the surname that he may have adopted, I could not obtain a copy of his death [record]."

³⁶⁵ Emilie Barnard grave marker, Temple Ohabei Shalom Cemetery, East Boston, Mass., read and photographed by the author, 30 Nov. 2011.

³⁶⁶ Abraham Levy-Sarah Barnett marriage record, England, Mar. 1850 Quarter, London Registration District, 2:154, #61.

³⁶⁷ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363). The list of children may be incomplete, and it has not been determined what surname or surnames two of the sons used.

³⁶⁸ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

³⁶⁹ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

³⁷⁰ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363): "I never asked my mother how her uncle had acquired the name Levy. I presume he too couldn't get rid of the name Sochachevsky fast enough and either chose the surname 'levy' [*sic*] or had it thrust upon him when he acquired his passport."

Birmingham, England, 16 April 1907, occupation “property owner”;³⁷² a 27-year-old bookmaker of 7 Jewry Street, Aldgate, London, son of L. Levy, deceased, when he married first at Congregation of the New Synagogue in Great St. Helens Parish in the City of London, by Rabbi N. Astor, 13 March 1850, SARAH BARNETT of 16 Swan Street, Minorities, London, born in London (1851 census) about 1828–1829 (marriage record) or about 1825–1826 (1851 census),³⁷³ died perhaps in England before 1870,³⁷⁴ daughter of Mordecai Barnett, trader;³⁷⁵ married second perhaps in New York, 1870–1880, ANN [–?–], born in England about 1831–1832, living in 1880,³⁷⁶ died possibly in New York before 1901, by which time Abraham was a widower.³⁷⁷

Abraham and Sarah Levy—with their five-week-old son, “Mordicia,” and Sarah’s siblings Isaac Barnett, general dealer, and Rebecca Barnett, garter maker—were enumerated in the 1851 census at 21 Minorities Street in St. Botolph Aldgate, London, where Abraham was a bookmaker with two apprentices.³⁷⁸ Abraham may have taken his family to America about a decade later, but he was not found listed in the 1861 census of England or in the 1860 U.S. census, nor have he and his family been identified on a ship’s passenger list. The immigration was evidently after about 1855, as son Hyman was born in England about that time.³⁷⁹ The Levys settled in Tarrytown, New York, where Abraham was reportedly the area’s first Jewish resident.³⁸⁰ By 1870 Abraham was a successful clothing dealer in the village, with \$4000 worth of real and \$5000 of personal estate. He had also become an American citizen by this time,³⁸¹ but no record of his naturalization is found in Westchester County or in New York City. The

³⁷¹ Abraham Levy-Sarah Barnett marriage record (note 366), showing his age as 27. Abraham Levy household, 1851 census of England, St. Botolph Aldgate Parish, City of London, Middlesex, p. 51, (The National Archives [UK], HO 107/1524, folio 201), showing Abraham, 27, born in “Poland Plotski.” Abm. Levy household, 1870 U.S. census, Town of Mount Pleasant (P.O. Tarrytown), Westchester Co., N.Y., p. 316, dw. 175, fam. 229 (National Archives and Records Administration [NARA] M593, roll 1118), showing he was 42, born in “Prussia (Germ.)” Abram Levy household, 1880 U.S. census, Village of North Tarrytown, Town of Mount Pleasant, Election District [Elec. Dist.] 1, Westchester Co., N.Y., Enumeration District [ED] 108, p. 15, dw. 122, fam. 143 (NARA T9, roll 946), showing he was 45, born in Poland. Abraham Levy household, 1901 census of England, Edgbaston Parish, City of Birmingham, Warwick, p. 15 (The National Archives [UK], RG 13/2814), showing he was 75, born in “Russia Poland.” Abraham Levy death record, England, June 1907 Quarter, King’s Norton Registration District, 6c:248, #322, showing his age as 84, with nephew A. Canin of 35 Seymour St., Balsall Heath, the informant.

³⁷² Abraham Levy death record (note 371).

³⁷³ Abraham Levy-Sarah Barnett marriage record (note 366). Abraham signed by mark and one of the witnesses was Moses Levy. Abraham Levy household, 1851 census of England (note 371), indicating Sarah, 25, was born in London.

³⁷⁴ Abm. Levy household, 1870 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371), which did not include Sarah.

³⁷⁵ Abraham Levy-Sarah Barnett marriage record (note 366).

³⁷⁶ Abram Levy household, 1880 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371).

³⁷⁷ Abraham Levy household, 1901 census of England (note 371). Record of her is not found in indexes to New York State deaths 1880–1901.

³⁷⁸ Abraham Levy household, 1851 census of England (note 371).

³⁷⁹ Abm. Levy household, 1870 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371), showing Hyman was 15, born in England. Abram Levy household, 1880 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371), showing Hyman was 24, born in England. Later federal census entries for Hyman are less consistent about his age, birthplace, and year of immigration. Hyman Levy household, 1900 U.S. census, Village of North Tarrytown, Town of Mount Pleasant, Westchester Co., N.Y., ED 79, p. 18A, dw. 271, fam. 403 (NARA T623, roll 1175), showing born 1862, England, to U.S. 1875. Hyman H. Levy household, 1910 U.S. census, Village of North Tarrytown, Town of Mount Pleasant, Westchester Co., N.Y., ED 52, p. 1A, dw. 7, fam. 8 (NARA T624, roll 1089), showing 53, born New York. Hyman Levy household, 1920 U.S. census, North Tarrytown, Town of Mount Pleasant, Westchester Co., N.Y., ED 69, p. 12B, dw. 145, fam. 187 (NARA T625, roll 1276), showing 60, born England, to U.S. 1870. Hyman Levy household, 1930 U.S. census, North Tarrytown, Town of Mount Pleasant, Westchester Co., N.Y., ED 60-185, p. 24A, dw. 375, fam. 375 (NARA T626, roll 1661), showing 68, born England, to U.S. 1873.

³⁸⁰ Sonya Edleson, “A Brief History of Temple Beth Abraham,” *Temple Beth Abraham* (<http://www.tba-ny.org/aboutus/history>). Ruth Biloon, who wrote the Temple’s 100-year history for the centennial journal in 1999, believed Abraham arrived “around 1850” (Biloon to author, email, 9 Dec. 2010).

³⁸¹ Abm. Levy household, 1870 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371). In addition to Abraham, son Hyman, and a servant, the household included Abraham’s daughter Bessie, 18, born in England, keeping house.

Levys were living in the Village of North Tarrytown by 1880. “Abram” was a dry goods dealer and had remarried; son “Himan” was working with his father.³⁸² In Tarrytown, Abraham was “made Overseer of the Poor, an honorary position that made him well liked by all with whom he came in contact.”³⁸³ In the late nineteenth century, Abraham Levy returned to England, where by 1901 he was living at 177 St. Luke’s Road in Edgbaston Parish, Birmingham, a retired draper, widowed, and with only the company of a housekeeper.³⁸⁴

In his lengthy will of 2 February 1906, Abraham Levy of North Tarrytown, [in the Town of] Mount Pleasant, “West Chester” County, New York, storekeeper, “now domiciled in England,” residing at 177 St. Luke’s Road, Birmingham, “retired storekeeper,” first named four executors and trustees: Simon Frank of the corner of 59th Street and New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn, dry goods and shoe dealer; Frank W. Palmer “the Younger,” formerly of Tarrytown, now an agent of Prudential Assurance Company of America; Lewis (“otherwise Louis”) Dight of Pershoe Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, optician; and Philip Cohen of Waterloo Street, Birmingham, solicitor. Out of his “American Estate” Abraham left \$100 to Palmer; and \$250 each to nieces Rose Frank (“wife of said Simon Frank”), Esther Jacobs of New York, and Augusta Cohen of New York, and to nephew Emanuel Morris of 143 Smith Street, Brooklyn, draper. Out of his “English Estate” he left various amounts to his Phillips grandsons Abraham, Lewis, Frederick Mocatta, Moses, and David (the latter infirm); son-in-law Walter L. Phillips; granddaughters Julia Israel (wife of Moses Israel), Annie (“otherwise Hannah”) Isaacs, and Leah Phillips; Harry Dight, “son of said Lewis Dight”; and his servant Eliza Franklin. Also mentioned were son Hyman (“otherwise Hymen”) Levy and his wife, Hannah, and their children, underage and not named. Abraham left several pieces of real estate in Tarrytown, North Tarrytown, Irvington, Harrison, and Pleasantville in Westchester County, all in possession of his son Hyman/Hymen Levy and valued at \$31,800, with personal American property worth a little over \$7000. Slight changes were made through two codicils, dated 28 June 1906 and 15 April 1907. Additional papers in the American estate file identify the eight children of son Hyman Levy and indicate that the other grandchildren were living in London; Johannesburg, Kimberley, and Cape Colony, South Africa; and Para, Brazil.³⁸⁵

2. BARUCH¹ BARNARD (Manus/Menachem^A Sochachevsky) was born in Poland about 1811–1812 or 1815–1817, and he died of chronic cystitis and abscess of the urethra pudendia extravasation at his residence, 9 Ludlow Street in New York, New York, 8 September 1870, aged 58.³⁸⁶

³⁸² Abram Levy household, 1880 Westchester Co., N.Y. (note 371).

³⁸³ Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363). Research to confirm his appointment as overseer of the poor has not been conducted. Another grandson of Abraham’s brother Baruch wrote that “Grandma’s (Cowen) uncle Abe Newman [*sic*] was Postmaster of Tarrytown, N.Y., and as such was in charge of the Poor Farm . . .” (Leslie Kramer to Henry C. Cowen, letter, 17 Oct. 1972, copy provided by Cowen).

³⁸⁴ Abraham Levy household, 1901 census of England (note 371). Abraham was not found listed in the 1891 census of England; the 1892 New York state census does not survive for Westchester County.

³⁸⁵ Abraham Levy estate, Westchester Co., N.Y., Surrogate’s Court probate file 889½-1907. A copy of the will was also probated in Birmingham 3 May 1907 (Abraham Levy will, Family Division of the High Court of Justice, Principal Probate Registry, London, Eng.).

³⁸⁶ Baruch Barnard death cert., New York City, 1870, #69804, indicating he was born in “Poland (Russia),” as were his parents, and that he was married. His cause of death was probably the result of attempting to drain the bladder with a metal probe that perforated the urethra, causing infection (Dr. William Bart Saxbe, FASG, [Williamstown, Mass.] to author, email, 12 Nov. 2011). Baruch’s son Phillip claimed his father, “Benjamin Barnard,” was born in Warsaw (Phillip Barnard passport application, issued 25 Aug. 1921, #77982, Passport Applications, January 2, 1906–March 31, 1925 [NARA 1490, roll 1723]). Simon Bernard entry, SS *Cornelius Grinnell*, 22 Aug. 1868, manifest 905, p. 3, line 52, Passenger Lists of Vessels Arriving at New York, N.Y., 1820–1897 (NARA M237, roll 300). Simon Bernhard household,

By 1843 (birth of daughter³⁸⁷) Baruch married first **ANNA/HANNAH REPINSKI** or **POHOLSKY**,³⁸⁸ from whom he was later divorced.³⁸⁹ She was born in Poland about 1822–1825³⁹⁰ and was living evidently in New York City in the 1890s, as discussed below. About 1848 and probably in Poland, Baruch married second **MIREL/AMELIA/EMILIE/EMILY COHN**, who was born in Poland 13 August 1826, and who died of exhaustion and chronic nephritis at Lebanon Hospital in New York City 7 September 1895, aged 69 years and 30 days, daughter of Simon and Esther ([–?–]) Cohen.³⁹¹ Her birth name may have been Minel Zimche, which is the form listed on daughter Augusta's marriage record.³⁹² Daughter Esther's marriage record shows her mother as Minvel Cohn.³⁹³

The family lived some years in or near Wloclawek, Poland, a suburb of Warsaw, where daughter Augusta was born in 1850,³⁹⁴ and where Baruch worked in the manufacturing of soap.³⁹⁵ In the early 1860s the family went to

1870 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 10, Dist. 8, New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration, p. 338, dw. 96, fam. 587 (NARA M593, roll 985). Although his age at death places his birth in the earlier two-year span, his ages at arrival in the United States and in the 1870 census suggest he was born in the later span, both records confirming a birth in Poland. New York City was enumerated a second time in 1870. The second enumeration includes street addresses. See Kory L. Meyerink, "The Second Enumeration [of] the 1870 New York City Census," *RECORD* 115 (1984): 199–202, and Meldon J. Wolfgang III, "Fraud! Re-count!," *New York Archives* 10 (2010): 34–35.

³⁸⁷ Ephraim and Lena Morris marker, Bay Side Cemetery, Ozone Park, N.Y., digital image, *Jewish Genealogical Society* (<http://www.jgsny.org>).

³⁸⁸ The name of Baruch's first wife, Anna/Hannah, is from their daughter's death certificate (Lena Morris death cert., New York City, 1906, Manhattan Borough, #39681), and from the marriage records of Anna/Hannah's daughter Sarah (Nathan Howtman-Sarah Roth marriage cert., New York City, 1866, #357, showing her name as Anna Repinski) and of her son Samuel (Samuel Roth-Sophia Cohn marriage cert., New York City, 1879, #333, showing her name as Hannah Poholsky). Sarah (Roth) Houtman's death certificate gives her parents as Rudolph Roth and Hannah Robinson, both born Germany (Sarah Houtman death cert., New York City, 1932, Manhattan Borough, #23128).

³⁸⁹ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363): "Amelia was not his first wife. He had been married to one [blank space, suggesting, perhaps, Bernard Cowen hoped to learn her name] from whom he was divorced."

³⁹⁰ Louis [the English equivalent of Ludwig] Rote household, 1850 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 4, p. 156, dw. 698, fam. 2372 (NARA M432, roll 536), indicating Anna was age 25, born Poland. Frederick Roth household, 1855 New York state census, New York City, Ward 10, Elec. Dist. 3, New York Co., not paginated, dw. 136, fam. 564, county copy, New York County Clerk's Division of Old Records, New York, N.Y., showing Hannah, age 30, was born Poland. L. "Roth" household, 1860 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 4, Dist. 3, New York Co., N.Y., p. 663, dw. 272, fam. 580 (NARA M653, roll 789), with H[anna] age 35, born Germany. Louis Roth household, 1870 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 4, Elec. Dist. 2, New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration, p. 356, dw. 88, fam. 328 (NARA M593, roll 976), indicating Anna, age 47, was born in Russia. Hannah Roth household, 1880 U.S. census, New York City, Assembly Dist. 12, Elec. Dist. 3, New York Co., N.Y., ED 302, p. 5, dw. 9, fam. 52 (NARA T9, roll 881), showing she was age 57, born Russia. Hannah Roth entry, 1890 Police census, New York City, Assembly Dist. 22, Elec. Dist. 73, Police Pct. 25, Book 823, not paginated, her age listed as 66.

³⁹¹ Emilie Barnard grave marker (note 365). Her age at death on her death certificate, 69y 30d, calculates to a birth about 8 Aug. 1826 (Emelia Barnard death cert., New York City, 1895, #31550, showing she was born in Russia). Emily Barnard death notice, *The New York Herald*, 9 Sept. 1895, p. 1, col. 2, showing she was aged 69 yrs., 1 mo., "Interred at Boston. Boston papers please copy." She was most likely born in Poland, as shown in three of four records made while she was alive (see notes 386, 407, 410); the fourth record indicates she was born in Germany (note 400). Not only were her husband and most of her children born in Poland, but also it is not uncommon for those born in Poland to be listed as natives of Russia, Germany, or Prussia in American records of the nineteenth and early twentieth century, when Poland was not a separate country.

³⁹² Charles "Cohn"-Augusta Barnard marriage cert., New York City, 1874, #6529.

³⁹³ "Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert., New York City, 1878, #1854.

³⁹⁴ Charles "Cohn"-Augusta Barnard marriage cert. (note 392) indicates she was born in "Wroczlawck," Russia. Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363), gave the place as "Wladslavick." Augusta Golda Cowen death cert., New York City, 1938, Manhattan Borough, #12920, provides her date of birth.

³⁹⁵ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363). Referring to his grandfather as "Bernard Bernard," Bernard Cowen wrote that his mother's "father had learned the business of soap making and operated his manufacturing plant at Wladslavic until a number of circumstances compelled him to give it up and start his pilgrimage to the West. His plant must have been one of some size because use was made of it as a

England, perhaps following Baruch's brother Abraham Levy, and lived in London, where Baruch learned candle making.³⁹⁶ Commenting on the family name, great-grandson Leslie Kramer wrote that "[w]hen they emigrated [*sic*] to Britain they changed it to Barnard or Bernard [from Sochachevsky]—I've seen it both ways. Great-Grandfather became Baruch Barnard."³⁹⁷

Near the end of the decade the family immigrated to New York. Baruch went ahead of the others, perhaps influenced by his brother Abraham Levy, who had gone there.³⁹⁸ He sailed on the SS *Cornelius Grinnell* from London, arriving at the Port of New York 22 August 1868, but, curiously, as Simon Barnard, which was also the name of his oldest son. His passenger list entry shows he was a smith, age 51, born in Poland.³⁹⁹ Amelia Barnard, 43, "wife," followed with the children Golda, 16; Esther, 15; Harris, 14; Phillip, 12; Rosa, 8; Wolfe, 7; and Louis, 5. They arrived at New York 25 October 1869 aboard the schooner SS *City of Brussels*, which had sailed from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all the family were listed as born in Germany.⁴⁰⁰ Bernard Cowen wrote that "[m]y mother [Augusta Golda] used to tell with some trace of humor that what hastened her mother's movement to the Americas with her brood of children was the news that had reached her in London that her husband Baruch was 'taking up' with his first wife. She would not stand for that kind of nonsense."⁴⁰¹

Little is known of Baruch's short time in New York. He was a merchant at the time of his death in September 1870 and listed as a "pedlar" at 9 Ludlow Street for the city directory compiled that year.⁴⁰² When enumerated in the census in the spring of that same year, he was a 54-year-old commission merchant, with \$1000 of personal estate. For reasons unknown, he was again listed as Simon Bernard. With him were Emily, 44, K[ee]ping H[ouse]; Auguste, 17, serving; Ernestine, 15; Harris, 14; Philipp, 13; Rosa, 12; Wolf, 7; and Louis, 5, all born "Polland Russia."⁴⁰³

Simon's 1870 census entry also indicates he was an American citizen, but he would have had to have been in the United States at least five years to qualify, and no record of his naturalization is found. Son Phillip Barnard thought his father had naturalized, and so believed he, too, was an American citizen. In December 1884 he served as a witness for his brother William's

barracks by the contending armies of Russia, Germany, and Poland as they passed through the town. Then there were complaints that the lye and other chemicals that became waste and were dumped on the river banks reached the river and poisoned cattle further down the stream that made use of its waters."

³⁹⁶ Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363). The family is not found in the 1861 census of England.

³⁹⁷ Kramer to H. Cowen (note 383).

³⁹⁸ Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363). As noted below, Baruch's two oldest children may have actually been the first family members to go to the United States.

³⁹⁹ Simon Bernard entry, SS *Cornelius Grinnell* (note 386). Baruch's death certificate indicates he had lived two and a half years in the United States at the time of his death in Sept. 1870 (Baruch Barnard death cert. [note 386]). In 1870, he was enumerated with the given name of Simon (see note 386).

⁴⁰⁰ Amelia Barnard and children entries, SS *City of Brussels*, 25 Oct. 1869, manifest 1223, p. 13, lines 4–11, Passenger Lists of Vessels Arriving at New York, N.Y., 1820–1897 (NARA M237, roll 320). Amelia's 1895 death certificate indicates she had lived in the United States and New York City twenty-six years (Emelia Barnard death cert. [note 391]).

⁴⁰¹ Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363).

⁴⁰² Baruch Barnard death cert. (note 386). *Trow's New York City Directory . . . for the year ending May 1, 1871* (New York: John F. Trow [Trow City Directory Company], 1870), 95, "Samuel Bernard."

⁴⁰³ Simon Bernhard household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration (note 386).

naturalization.⁴⁰⁴ In 1915, however, when he went to apply for a passport, Phillip found out otherwise. He stated he had arrived at New York from Liverpool on the SS *City of Brussels* [*sic*] at the age of seven in November 1869,

[t]hat his father preceded him to this country by about five years and died in New York City in the year 1871 [*sic*]. That your petitioner remembers having seen the naturalization papers of his father⁴⁰⁵ but due and diligent search for the same has failed to disclose its present whereabouts. That your petitioner had made inquiries in the cities of New York, Baltimore, Boston and San Francisco with respect to his father's naturalization but has been unable to find that there is any record in those cities of any application on his father's part for naturalization. [He] further states that he has for over thirty years exercised the privileges of a citizen of this country by voting in the general elections and has from childhood regarded himself as a citizen of the United States of America and has labored and acted in good faith under the impression that he was a citizen of this country. That he has already secured his first papers. Petitioner further states that it was only recently that he learned that he was not a citizen of the United States in the full acceptance of the word, when he made an application for a passport so that he might visit England.⁴⁰⁶

When the 1870 census was retaken for New York City late in the year and into early 1871, Amelia "Bernard," 45, and the children were listed at 9 Ludlow Street, where Baruch had died in the fall: Gusta, 17; Esther, 16; Harris, 15; Phillip, 13; Rosa, 12; Wolf, 8; and Lewis, 6. The first six were originally shown to be born in Germany, corrected to Poland, with Wolf and Lewis listed as born in England.⁴⁰⁷

For nearly a decade after Baruch's death, his widow remained in New York City, where she, after the marriage of daughter Augusta, "was supporting six children on her earnings as a seamstress."⁴⁰⁸ She remained in the home at 9 Ludlow for about two years ("wid. Simon"), but by 1873 had moved to 18 Essex Street, and in the late 1870s to 179 Division Street and then 152 East Broadway, with her name rendered in the city directories as Emily, Emilia, Emilie ("wid. Samuel"), and Amelia ("wid. Baruch"), and occupation as "garments," "serving," "underwear," and "ladies furng."⁴⁰⁹

In 1879 or 1880 Emily and her children moved to Boston, where son Simon had already settled, sons Harris and Philip had moved, and where married daughter Augusta Cohen had recently lived. When the census was taken in the spring of 1880 the Barnards were living at 47 Melrose Street: Amelia Barnard, 52, widow, keeps house; children, Rosa, 21, dress making;

⁴⁰⁴ William Barnard naturalization petition, 1884, New York Co., N.Y., Court of Common Pleas, 545:283, dextrigraph copy, NARA, Northeast Region, New York, N.Y.

⁴⁰⁵ Perhaps this was actually a declaration of intention for Baruch (or Simon) Barnard, which could have been filed any time after arrival in the United States. No such record, however, is found in the Supreme Court of the State of New York for New York County, 1861–1870, in the New York County Court of Common Pleas, 1864–1870, or the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, 1861–1870.

⁴⁰⁶ Phillip Barnard naturalization petition, 1916, United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, #18046 (NARA M1972, roll 133).

⁴⁰⁷ Amelia Bernard household, 1870 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 10, Dist. 1, New York Co., N.Y., second enumeration, p. 20 (NARA M593, roll 1024). See note 386 for information about the second enumeration.

⁴⁰⁸ Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363).

⁴⁰⁹ *Trow's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1872) 91, (1873) 93, (1874) 99, (1875) 96, (1876) 97, (1877) 100, (1879) 107, all under "Bernard" except 1877, when it was "Barnard." She was not found listed in the directories for 1871 and 1878.

Henry, 23, match factory clerk; Philip, 22, match manufacturer; Louis, 15, fancy articles peddler, all born in Poland.⁴¹⁰ Emily lived a few more years with some of her children at 9 Fayette Street in Boston,⁴¹¹ but returned to New York City around mid-decade. She lived subsequently with sons Philip and Louis at 323 East 41st Street, about four years at 240 East Broadway, at 1201 Lexington Avenue and 327 East 52nd Street in the early 1890s, and finally at 213 East 57th Street,⁴¹² her residence at the time of her death in 1895.⁴¹³

Administration on the estate of Emilie Barnard was granted to son Harris Barnard of 300 East 118th Street, New York City, 8 October 1895. He indicated in his petition of the same date that she died intestate at Lebanon Hospital in New York City 7 September 1895. Her children were listed as her survivors: Simon Barnard of 207 West Canton Street, Boston, Massachusetts; Harris Barnard (petitioner); Philip Barnard of 300 East 118th Street, New York City; William Barnard of 119th Street, New York City; Louis S. Barnard of 300 East 118th Street, New York City; Augusta Cohen of Providence, Rhode Island; Esther Jacobs of 300 East 118th Street, New York City; and Rosa Frank of 148 52nd Street, Brooklyn, New York.⁴¹⁴

According to his death certificate, Baruch Barnard was buried in “Sifes Hill” 8 September 1870,⁴¹⁵ which could mean Cypress Hills Cemetery. There is no record at that cemetery,⁴¹⁶ but the surrounding neighborhood of the same name includes several cemeteries,⁴¹⁷ many of them Jewish. When Baruch’s widow, Emelia, died, her burial was noted on her death certificate as “West Boston,” Massachusetts, 9 September 1895.⁴¹⁸ The actual location is Ohabei Shalom Cemetery on Wordsworth Street in East Boston, where son Simon had a plot,⁴¹⁹ and it was certainly he who arranged for his mother’s remains to be shipped there instead of being interred in New York City. Her grave marker shows her name as Emilie Barnard, with her life dates, and on the reverse side of the marker, in Hebrew, “Here lies a woman, Mrs. Mirel, daughter of Simcha Ha Cohen, wife of Boruch son of Menachem, born 13 Av 5586, died 19 Elul 5657 [possibly 5656]. May her soul be bound up.”⁴²⁰

⁴¹⁰ Amelia Barnard household, 1880 U.S. census, Boston, Ward 11, Suffolk Co., Mass., ED 664, p. 24, dw. 137, fam. 239 (NARA T9, roll 555).

⁴¹¹ *The Boston Directory . . . for the year commencing July 1, 1882* (Boston: Sampson, Davenport, and Co., 1882), 88; and similar title for (1883) 89. She is not found listed in the directories for 1884 and 1885.

⁴¹² *Trow’s New York City Directory . . .* (note 402), for (1886) 135, (1887) 141, (1888) 141, (1889) 143, (1891) 67, (1892) 69, (1893) 72, (1896) 73. Most of the listings show her as Amelia or Emilie Barnard, wid. Baruch, and as Barnard in 1893 and 1894. She was not found listed in the directories for 1884, 1885, 1890, and 1895, nor at 240 E. Broadway or 1201 Lexington in the 1890 Police census.

⁴¹³ Emilie Barnard death cert. (note 391).

⁴¹⁴ Emelie Barnard estate, New York Co., N.Y., Surrogate’s Court administration file, 8 Oct. 1895, 203:346. There are no inventory or accounting files for this estate.

⁴¹⁵ Baruch Barnard death cert. (note 386).

⁴¹⁶ Cypress Hills Cemetery (East New York, N.Y.) to author, email, 17 Nov. 2010. Grandson Bernard Cowen wrote that Baruch was buried in Salem Fields Cemetery in Brooklyn (Cowen, Family Reminiscences [note 363]), but there is also no record there.

⁴¹⁷ John J. Gallagher, “Cypress Hills,” in Kenneth T. Jackson, ed., *The Encyclopedia of New York City*, 2nd ed. (New Haven: Yale University Press, 2010), 338.

⁴¹⁸ Emelia Barnard death cert. (note 391).

⁴¹⁹ Simon Barnard lot card (section 5, lot 17), Ohabei Shalom Cemetery, East Boston, Mass., at Jewish Cemetery Association of Massachusetts, Newton Centre, Mass., copy by facsimile, 15 Nov. 2010.

⁴²⁰ Emilie Barnard grave marker (note 365).

Baruch Barnard's first wife, Anna/Hannah, married second, probably in Poland and about 1844 if she was the mother of all his children, Ludwig Roth, born in Poland about 1812–1825,⁴²¹ died of endocarditis, rheumatism, and senility at the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews in Manhattan, New York City, 9 April 1899, son of Mayer and Chaze ([–?–]) Roth.⁴²² Ludwig and Anna/Hannah were apparently the parents of at least seven children born about 1845–1859, the first two in Poland, the rest in New York: Sarah, Morris [Michael in 1850], Mary, Abraham, Solomon, Esther/Hester [Harriet?], and Samuel.⁴²³

The Roths arrived in New York about 1850,⁴²⁴ but they have not been identified on a ship's passenger list. In New York Ludwig Roth was first a glazier, living at 60 Mott Street by 1853–1854, then about three years at 16 Forsyth Street. At the end of the 1850s he was at 34 Rose Street, with his business at 24 Reade Street, then moved his home to and had a fancy goods business at 431 Pearl Street for a little over a decade.⁴²⁵ The Roths had evidently moved to the Pearl Street address by August 1860, when Baruch and Anna/Hannah's daughter Lena was married.⁴²⁶ On 25 May 1871 Ludwig Roth was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court "for keeping a disorderly house at No. 438 [*sic*] Pearl-street" and was held for trial.⁴²⁷ Around 1873–1874 Ludwig returned to his glazier business while "Anna" continued the fancy goods establishment briefly. By mid-decade he had his glass (sometimes listed as painting) business at 20 New Chambers Street and lived

⁴²¹ Louis Rote household, 1850 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390), indicating Louis, age 26, was born in Poland. Frederick Roth household, 1855 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390), with Frederick, age 30, born in Poland. L. "Rosth" household, 1860 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390), showing L[udwig] was 35, born in Poland. Louis Roth household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration (note 390), showing age 47, born Russia. John Kennedy household, 1880 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 4, Assembly Dist. 2, Elec. Dist. 4, New York Co., N.Y., ED 28, p. 5, dw. 15, fam. 64 (NARA T9, roll 867), showing Ludwig, 60, born in Poland. Ludwig Roth entry, 1890 Police census, New York City, Assembly Dist. 2, Elec. Dist. 12, Police Pct. 4, Book 36, p. 3, showing he was 76. Ludwig Roth death cert., New York City, 1899, Manhattan Borough, #10474, showing he was aged 86, born in Russia.

⁴²² Ludwig Roth death cert. (note 421), indicating he was widowed.

⁴²³ Louis Rote household, 1850 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390). Frederick Roth household, 1855 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390). L. "Rosth" household, 1860 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390). Louis Roth household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration (note 390).

⁴²⁴ Frederick Roth household, 1855 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390), indicating "Frederick," Hannah, Sarah, and Morris had lived there five years and were aliens. They had certainly arrived by June of 1850 (Louis Rote household, 1850 New York Co., N.Y. [note 390]).

⁴²⁵ *The New-York City Directory, for 1854–1855* (New York: Charles R. Rode, 1854), 609. *Trou's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1856) 714, (1857) 710, (1859) 689, (1860) 732, (1861) 738, (1862) 732, (1863) 748, (1864) 742, (1866) 757, (1866) 835, (1867) 868, (1868) 885, (1869) 931, (1870) 948, (1871) 1039 ["Louis"], (1872) 986 ["varieties"], (1873) 1037 ["Lewis"]. Louis Roth household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration (note 390), showing his personal estate worth \$1500, that he was able to afford a servant and a laborer (who probably assisted in the store), and that he was not an American citizen. Ludwig was not found listed in the 1858 city directory. No evidence has been found that he became a U.S. citizen.

⁴²⁶ Ephraim Morris-Lena Rode marriage record, New York City Marriages, 1 July 1858–1 Jan. 1861, 5 Aug. 1860, not paginated, (alphabetical by first letter of groom's surname, then more-or-less chronological), transposing her address as 143 Pearl Street. For the 1860 census the enumerator of the "L. Rosth" household originally entered as the oldest child, L. Rosth, but changed it to E. Morriss. The age is 18 and the sex female. Also in the household is E. Morriss, 27, male. The enumerator, while he was to list the household as it existed on 1 June 1860, made this correction when he visited on 10 Aug. (L. "Rosth" household, 1860 New York Co., N.Y. [note 390]), reflecting the recent change when daughter Lena married Ephraim Morris on 5 Aug. of that year, even though the female "E. Morriss" should have been rendered L. Morriss.

⁴²⁷ "Local News in Brief," *The New-York Times*, 26 May 1871, p. 8, col. 3. A search for court records has not been conducted.

for a while at 26 Madison Street.⁴²⁸ Ludwig and Anna/Hannah had evidently separated by 1880, when Ludwig was lodging with the family of John Kennedy, brush maker, at 31 Madison Street,⁴²⁹ and Hannah Roth, “widow” and peddler, was enumerated at 128 Willett Street. With her were widowed daughter Harriet Cooper (perhaps the Esther/Hester in 1860 and 1870), “passamentier” (trimmings maker), and grandchild Lilly Cooper.⁴³⁰

Anna/Hannah’s history is less certain from this time forward. She could be one of a few Hannah and Anna Roths listed in city directories. Hannah, widow of Ludwig, was at 352 East 61st Street in the 1888 directory; Hannah Roth, age 66, was at this address in 1890; and Hannah Roth was also listed here in the 1893 directory. Her listing in 1896 was Anna Roth, widow of Ludwig, living at 1111 First Avenue, where she was the next year as Hannah Roth.⁴³¹ Her death has not been identified in New York City, she is not buried with Ludwig, and there is no estate file for her in the New York County Surrogate’s Court.

After 1880 Ludwig Roth remained a few more years at 31 Madison Street and continued his glass business on New Chambers Street (at number 20, then 16), but mid-decade moved to 217 William Street. Curiously, his 1888 directory listing shows that in addition to his glass business on William Street he also had a theatre at 104 Bowery. Through the 1890s Ludwig’s glass business and residence remained on William Street, at numbers 36, 213, 236, and 219.⁴³²

The residence of Ludwig Roth, glazier, when he died in 1899, was 19 William Street. His death certificate shows he was buried 11 April in “Cypress Hills,”⁴³³ but he was actually interred in Maimonides Cemetery in Elmont, New York.⁴³⁴

Child of Baruch¹ and Anna/Hannah:

- i. LEAH/LENA² BARNARD,⁴³⁵ born in Poland 23 August 1843;⁴³⁶ died of a cerebral hemorrhage and valvular cardiac disease at the residence of daughter Mrs. L. D. Miller, 244 East 117th Street, Manhattan, New York City, 28 December 1906,

⁴²⁸ *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1874) 1119 [Louis, glazier, Anna, “fancygds.”], (1875) 1120, (1876) 1143, (1877) 1177, (1878) 1211, (1879) 1252.

⁴²⁹ *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1880) 1300. John Kennedy household, 1880 New York Co., N.Y. (note 421), showing Ludwig, glazier, single. If Ludwig and Hannah divorced, there is no record of it in the Supreme Court of the State of New York for New York County.

⁴³⁰ Hannah Roth household, 1880 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390), indicating Hannah could not read or write.

⁴³¹ *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1888) 1692, (1893) 1217, (1896) 1230, (1897) 1240. Hannah Roth entry, 1890 Police census (note 390).

⁴³² *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1881) 1333, (1882) 1395, (1883) 1406, (1884) 1439, (1885) 1501, (1886) 1641, (1887) 1677, (1888) 1692, (1889) 1706, (1890) 1706, (1891) 1070, (1892) 1172, (1893) 1218, (1894) 1199, (1895) 1197, (1896) 1231 [“Louis”], (1897) 1241. Ludwig Roth entry, 1890 Police census (note 421).

⁴³³ Ludwig Roth death cert. (note 421).

⁴³⁴ Ludwig is in a single grave, Brith Shalom section, row 1, grave 11 (information from Maimonides Cemetery [Elmont, N.Y.], by telephone, 21 Nov. 2011). No notice of his death was published in the *New York Herald, Evening Post*, or *The New York Times*, and there is no estate file for him in the New York County Surrogate’s Court.

⁴³⁵ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363). Most records of Leah show her name as Lena. The “European” given name Leah was often “Americanized” to Lena and used interchangeably (Gary Mokotoff to author, email, 15 Feb. 2011).

⁴³⁶ Ephraim and Lena Morris grave marker, Bay Side Cemetery, Ozone Park, N.Y., digital image, *Jewish Genealogical Society* (<http://www.jgsny.org>). Her 1900 census entry indicates she was born in Germany Jan. 1844 (Lena Morris household, 1900 U.S. census, New York City, Brooklyn Borough, Ward 3, Kings Co., N.Y., ED 20, p. 8A, dw. 74, fam. 183 [NARA T623, roll 1043]).

aged 63;⁴³⁷ married as Lena Rode of 143 [*sic*, should be 431] Pearl Street, New York City, 18, born Poland, by J. Kantrvick in New York City 5 August 1860, EPHRAIM MORRIS of Texas,⁴³⁸ born in Poland 7 January 1832,⁴³⁹ died of acute hepatitis at 143 7th Street, Brooklyn, 23 January 1887, aged 55.⁴⁴⁰

Leah/Lena and her half-brother Simon Barnard supposedly came to the United States together,⁴⁴¹ but record of the immigration has not been found. She was not with her mother and stepfather in 1855.⁴⁴² She “dwelt in the South with her husband [blank] Morris, and subsequently moved to Brooklyn where she died the mother of seven (?) children.”⁴⁴³ The month after marriage, on 3 September 1860, Ephraim Morris of 431 Pearl Street, New York City (where Lena’s mother and stepfather were living), native of Russia, was naturalized in the New York County Court of Common Pleas.⁴⁴⁴ The Morrises then went to Texas and later Mexico, but soon returned from “the South” to New York City,⁴⁴⁵ where they lived some years at 85 Madison Street, with Ephraim working as a peddler.⁴⁴⁶ After a few years at 230 East Broadway, with Ephraim listed in the directories as a merchant and clerk,⁴⁴⁷ the family moved in the mid-1870s to Brooklyn, where Ephraim was probably the “E. Morris,” pawnbroker, living at 134 Myrtle Avenue by 1878.⁴⁴⁸ That he was not listed in other directories around this time might suggest he was ill, but in 1880 the Morrises were living at 651 Myrtle Avenue, and Ephraim was keeping a store.⁴⁴⁹ Within the next few years the family moved to 143 Smith Street, with one directory listing Ephraim as a speculator, although his occupation was shopkeeper when he died in 1887.⁴⁵⁰

⁴³⁷ Lena Morris death cert. (note 388), showing she was born in Russia, daughter of Baruch and Hannah “Bernhardt,” both born in Russia. Lena Morris death notices, *The New York Herald*, 29 Dec. 1906, p. 1, col. 3 (“in her 64th year”), and 30 Dec. 1906, p. 2, col. 2 (“in her 68th year”), the latter adding “The Daughters of Israel of Brooklyn and The Ladies Sewing Society of the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum are invited.”

⁴³⁸ Ephraim Morris-Lena Rode marriage record (note 426), showing he was 29, born in Poland. The officiant was probably the Rev. Jacob Kantrowitz. Roth, when pronounced in German, sounds like Rode.

⁴³⁹ Ephraim and Lena Morris marker (note 436).

⁴⁴⁰ Ephraim Morris death cert., Brooklyn, N.Y., 1887, #1011.

⁴⁴¹ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

⁴⁴² Frederick Roth household, 1855 New York Co., N.Y. (note 390). One record indicates Lena arrived in 1859 (Lena Morris household, 1900 Kings Co., N.Y. [note 436]). Her death certificate indicates she had lived in the United States 50 years, or from about 1856 (Lena Morris death cert. [note 388]).

⁴⁴³ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

⁴⁴⁴ Ephraim Morris petition for naturalization, 1860, New York County Court of Common Pleas, 254:288, dextrigraph copy, NARA, Northeast Region, New York, N.Y. Isaac Levy of 101 Cedar St., New York City, was his witness. The original declaration of Ephraim Morris of Louisiana, age 26, native of “Russian Poland,” immigrant of 1852, is with his petition. Dated 21 April 1858 and signed with his X mark, it was filed in the Second District Court in New Orleans.

⁴⁴⁵ Ephraim Morris household, 1880 U.S. census, Brooklyn, Kings Co., N.Y., ED 51, p. 30, dw. 152, fam. 785 (NARA T9, roll 845), showing Ephraim, 48, wife, Lena, 38, both born Poland, with children Moses, 19, born Texas, Alice, 18, born Mexico, and the rest born in N.Y. (Abraham, 17, Hattie, 16, Manuel, 10, Rosa, 9, Henrietta, 6, Bernard, 4, Julia, 3). Lena’s death certificate indicates she had lived in New York City 35 years (Lena Morris death cert. [note 388]), and Ephraim’s shows he had been in the U.S. and New York City 30 years (Ephraim Morris death cert. [note 440]).

⁴⁴⁶ *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1867) 723, (1868) 737, (1869) 775, (1870) 790, (1871) 863. Ephraim Morris household, 1870 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 7, Dist. 1, New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration, p. 2, dw. 7, fam. 10 (NARA M593, roll 979), showing Ephraim, 39, and “Salena,” 28, could neither read nor write, and he had \$5000 worth of real and \$100 of personal estate. Efferman Morris household, 1870 U.S. census, New York City, Ward 7, Dist. 2, New York Co., N.Y., second enumeration, p. 54, fam. 10 (NARA M593, roll 1018), listing him as age 40 and “Halcina” as 30.

⁴⁴⁷ *Trow’s New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1872) 818, (1873) 861, (1874) 928. Ephraim is not listed in the 1875 or 1876 directories.

⁴⁴⁸ Geo. T. Lain, comp., *The Brooklyn City Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1878* (Brooklyn and New York: Lain & Company, 1877), 657. Ephraim was not listed in the directories for 1876–1877 or 1879–1883, unless he was the E. Morris, groceries, living at 922 Broadway in 1879 (p. 697). The family was not searched for in the 1875 New York state census for Brooklyn.

⁴⁴⁹ Ephraim Morris household, 1880 Kings Co., N.Y. (note 445).

⁴⁵⁰ Geo. T. Lain, comp., *Lain’s Brooklyn Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1884* (Brooklyn and New York: Lain & Company, 1883), 877; and similar titles for (1885) 929, (1886) 746, (1887) 813. Ephraim Morris death cert. (note 440).

Leah/Lena continued to live at 143 Smith Street for a few years,⁴⁵¹ and in 1892, as a laundress, was enumerated twice in the state census, once with nine of her children, and in another part of the ward as “Elmer Mourice,” dry goods, with seven of the children, with some slightly different names and ages.⁴⁵² By the mid-1890s, she had moved to 109A Bergen Street, where half-brothers Phillip and Louis Barnard lived with her for about a year and where she was renting at the turn of the century.⁴⁵³

The joint cemetery marker for Ephraim and Lena Morris in Bay Side Cemetery in Ozone Park, New York, shows they were both natives of Poland and gives their life dates.⁴⁵⁴ As noted above, in 1906 Leah/Lena’s son Emanuel Morris was named in the will of her uncle Abraham Levy.⁴⁵⁵

Children of Baruch¹ and Amelia/Emilie, first six born in Poland, last two in England:⁴⁵⁶

- ii. AUGUSTA GOLDA² BARNARD, born 15 June 1850 in Wloclawek;⁴⁵⁷ married CHARLES COHEN (later COWEN).⁴⁵⁸
- iii. SIMCHA⁴⁵⁹/SIMON² BARNARD, born 21 March 1851;⁴⁶⁰ died of arteriosclerosis and cerebral hemorrhage at his son Louis’s residence, 1197 Beacon Street, Brookline, Massachusetts, 23 October 1929;⁴⁶¹ married in Boston 18 March 1877, by Rabbi Raphael Lasher, JEHUDIT/JULIA DAVIS,⁴⁶² born in London, England, 21

⁴⁵¹ *Lain’s Brooklyn Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1890* (Brooklyn and New York: Lain & Company, 1889), 893; and similar title for (1892) 824. She was not listed in the directories for 1888, 1889, 1891, 1893, or 1894.

⁴⁵² Lena Morris household, 1892 New York state census, Brooklyn, Ward 3, Elec. Dist. 6, Kings Co., p. 6, which lists her age as 54. “Elmer Mourice” household, same ward and dist., p. 19, which lists her age as 48.

⁴⁵³ *Lain’s Brooklyn Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1895* (Brooklyn and New York: Lain & Healy, 1894), 950. *Lain & Healy’s Brooklyn Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1896* (Brooklyn and New York: Lain & Healy, 1895), 969; and similar titles for (1897) 1046, (1898) 1098, (1899) 1091. *Lain & Healy’s Brooklyn Directory for the Year Ending May 1st, 1900* (Brooklyn and New York: H. C. Hallenbeck, 1899), 997. *Upton’s General Directory of Brooklyn, New York City, for the Year Ending May 1st, 1902* (Brooklyn: George Upton, 1901), 919. *Trow’s New York City Directory . . .* (note 402), for (1895) 71 [for the Barnard brothers]. Lena Morris household, 1900 Kings Co., N.Y. (note 436). She was not found listed in the Brooklyn directories for 1901 or 1903–1906 or in the 1905 New York state census.

⁴⁵⁴ Ephraim and Lena Morris grave marker (note 436). There are no estate files for them in the Kings County Surrogate’s Court.

⁴⁵⁵ Abraham Levy estate (note 385).

⁴⁵⁶ Amelia Barnard and children entries, *SS City of Brussels* (note 400). Emilie Barnard estate (note 414).

⁴⁵⁷ Charles “Cohn”-Augusta Barnard marriage cert. (note 392). Augusta Golda Cowen death cert. (note 394). Cowen, *Family Reminiscences* (note 363). The dates of birth for Augusta and her brother Simon are about nine months apart, so one (or both) may be incorrect.

⁴⁵⁸ Augusta was the mother of Gertrude, Minnie, and Ray. See RECORD 142:277.

⁴⁵⁹ See notes 463 and 482.

⁴⁶⁰ Simon and Julia Barnard grave marker, Temple Ohabei Shalom Cemetery, East Boston, Mass., read and photographed by the author, 29 Nov. 2011. In his petition for naturalization, Simon gave his birth as Apr. 1851 (Simon Barnard naturalization petition, 1876, United States District Court for the District Court of Massachusetts, Boston, 89:24, dextrigraph copy, NARA, New England Region, Waltham, Mass.). His 1900 census entry shows he was born Mar. 1849 (Simon Barnard household, 1900 U.S. census, Boston, Ward 10, Suffolk Co., Mass., ED 1299, p. 1A, dw. 1, fam. 1 [NARA T623, roll 680]). His ages in other censuses support a birth in 1850 or 1851 (“Simeon Barner” in Mark Clark household, 1870 U.S. census, Boston, Ward 2 [south part], Suffolk Co., Mass., p. 463, dw. 971, fam. 2415 [NARA M593, roll 641], and Simon Barnard households: 1880 U.S. census, Boston, Suffolk Co., Mass., ED 661, p. 7, dw. 25, fam. 38 [NARA T9, roll 555]; 1910 U.S. census, Boston, Ward 11, Pct. 9, Suffolk Co., Mass., ED 1425, pp. 39A–39B, dw. 484, fam. 119 [NARA T624, roll 618]; 1920 U.S. census, Boston, Ward 8, Suffolk Co., Mass., ED 242, p. 10A, dw. 179, fam. 378 [NARA T625, roll 742]). Simon’s age at death, 79y 7m, calculates to a birth about Mar. 1850 and indicates he was born in Poland, but the informant, [son] Louis Barnard, did not know the names of the parents (Simon Barnard death cert., Massachusetts vital records, 1929, deaths, 10:233).

⁴⁶¹ Simon Barnard death cert. (note 460). Simon Barnard death notices, *Boston Evening Transcript*, 24 Oct. 1929, p. 14, col. 7, and *The Boston Globe*, 25 Oct. 1929, p. 34, col. 7. His grave marker (note 460) incorrectly shows he died 23 Oct. 1930.

⁴⁶² Simon Barnard-Julia Davis marriage record, Massachusetts vital records, 1877, 291:29, #507.

November 1856,⁴⁶³ died of chronic myocarditis and edema at her home, 840 Beacon Street, Boston, 7 February 1908, daughter of Hyman and Hannah (Hyams) Davis.⁴⁶⁴

Simon supposedly came to the United States with his half-sister Leah/Lena,⁴⁶⁵ not with their father or with his mother, but perhaps with Leah/Lena's mother. His census entries indicate he arrived in 1860 (1900 and 1920 censuses) or 1866 (1910 census),⁴⁶⁶ but he and his sister have not been identified on a ship's passenger list and he has not been found listed in the 1860 census. By 1870 "Simeon Barnet," 19, born in "Russia Poland," was a clerk in the Boston store of Mark Clark, Prussian clothier,⁴⁶⁷ whose business and home were then at 15 Salem Street, the address shown in the directory where Simon Barnard, clerk, was working within the next year while boarding at 20 Lowell Street. Simon may have acquired his own business soon thereafter, setting up first at 10 then 39 Salem Street, then briefly at 24 Salem Street, and rooming at 20 Lowell, 60 Cross Street, and 5 Noyes Place.⁴⁶⁸ Shortly before his marriage, on 2 November 1876, Simon Barnard, born in Poland, became an American citizen in the United States District Court in Boston.⁴⁶⁹ For about two years around the time of his marriage he had his clothing business at 13 Dock Square, living briefly at 9 Sheafe Street, but within a year added a second store at 1 Union Street and lived at 283 Hanover and then 22 Fayette Street.⁴⁷⁰ Simon, "clothings," wife, Julia, two children, and a servant were enumerated at the latter address for the 1880 census.⁴⁷¹ Nephew Bernard Cowen remembered that Simon's business was selling men's clothing wholesale and retail at Dock Square in Boston. "It was as I recall a narrow corner store at the north end of Devonshire Street near Scolly Square and the famous Funeral Hill and scene of the Bloody Massacre in the pre-Revolutionary days."⁴⁷²

In the 1880s Simon continued his clothing business at 1 Union Street and lived at 75 Appleton Street. By mid-decade he reopened on Dock Square as well, at number 32, and also become a justice of the peace (serving about 1884 to 1910), with a new family home purchased at 207 West Canton Street. In the early 1890s he moved the store to 60 Washington Street and, just before the new century, to 75 Summer Street.⁴⁷³ After about a year with the business at 34 Hanover Street around 1901, Simon moved again, this time to 34 Chauncey Street, and around the same time purchased a new home at 840 Beacon Street in Boston, near Arundel Street and just south of what is now the Massachusetts

⁴⁶³ Her grave marker gives her date of birth, and in the Hebrew inscription on the reverse indicates she was Yehudit, daughter of Chaim and wife of Simcha Barnard (Simon and Julia Barnard grave marker [note 460]). Simon Barnard household, 1880 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460), indicating she was age 23, supported by her age at death of 51 (Julia D. Barnard death cert., Massachusetts vital records, 1908, deaths, Boston, 6:548). Her 1900 census entry shows born England Sept. 1843 (Simon Barnard household, 1900 Suffolk Co., Mass. [note 460]). An English birth record for Julia was not identified.

⁴⁶⁴ Julia D. Barnard death cert. (note 463).

⁴⁶⁵ Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

⁴⁶⁶ Simon Barnard households: 1900 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460); 1910 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460); 1920 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460). His obituary indicates he "came to this country as a boy" ("Retired Clothing Maker Dead," *Boston Evening Transcript*, 24 Oct. 1929, p. 14, col. 7).

⁴⁶⁷ Mark Clark household, 1870 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460).

⁴⁶⁸ *The Boston Directory* . . . (note 411), for (1870) 155, (1871) 75, (1872) 77, (1873) 78, (1874) 91, (1875) 82, (1876) 82.

⁴⁶⁹ Simon Barnard naturalization petition (note 460).

⁴⁷⁰ *The Boston Directory* . . . (note 411), for (1877) 82, (1878) 82, (1879) 83, (1880) 85, (1881) 86.

⁴⁷¹ Simon Barnard household, 1880 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460). Simon was 29, born in Poland.

⁴⁷² Cowen, Family Reminiscences (note 363).

⁴⁷³ *The Boston Directory* . . . (note 411), for (1882) 88, (1883) 90, (1884) 90, 1423 [list of Justices of the Peace (JP)]. *The Boston Directory . . . for the year commencing July 1, 1885* (Boston: Sampson, Murdock, & Co., 1885), 90 and 1442 [JP]; and similar titles for (1886) 93, (1887) 102, (1888) 104 and 1637 [JP], (1889) 104, (1890) 105 and 1691 [JP], (1891) 107 and 1725 [JP], (1892) 108 and 1773 [JP], (1893) 108 and 1861 [JP], (1894) 110, (1895) 113 and 1869 [JP], (1896) 122, (1897) 124 and 2098 [JP], (1898) 124 and 2108 [JP], (1899) 122 and 2146 [JP], (1900) 128, (1901) 129. Simon Barnard household, 1900 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460), indicating home ownership.

Turnpike.⁴⁷⁴ As a widower, he vacationed in Cuba in 1911, Bermuda in 1913, and Puerto Rico in 1926.⁴⁷⁵ About 1918 he moved his clothing store to 67 Chauncey, and just before his retirement in the early 1920s Simon dabbled in real estate for about a year.⁴⁷⁶ He had continued to live at 840 Beacon Street,⁴⁷⁷ but in his last few years moved further out Beacon Street, into the Town of Brookline, to live with son Louis I. Barnard.⁴⁷⁸ Simon, who was a member of St. John's Lodge of Masons, retired after 60 years as a "very successful" Boston clothing manufacturer.⁴⁷⁹

In his will of 6 January 1928, Simon Barnard of Brookline declared in his first provision "that suitable tests be made at the time of my supposed death to establish the fact of my decease, and that my body shall not be buried within three days of my decease." He left various amounts to several charities: Temple Ohabei Shalom of Beacon Street in Boston for perpetual care of his cemetery lot; Beth Israel Hospital for establishment of a ward, bed, or dormitory to be known as the Julia Barnard Ward, Bed, or Dormitory; Hebrew Ladies' Moshav Zekainim Association of Dorchester; Boston Home for Incurables in Dorchester; Palmer Memorial Cancer Hospital in Boston "in memory of my son, Bernard F. Barnard"; New England Peabody Home for Crippled Children in Hyde Park; Salvation Army of Massachusetts; Massachusetts Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children; Massachusetts Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals; Society in Boston for Jewish Blind; Society in Boston for Jewish Consumptives; National Jewish Hospital in Denver, Colorado, "in memory of Julia Barnard"; Jewish Synagogue at Kenberma [in the town of Hull]; and Boston Dispensary on North Bennet Street, Boston. He named his children Esther B. Casson and Louis I. Barnard executors and trustees, and expressed his desire that sons Leslie F. and Louis I. "marry only such persons as are of the Jewish Faith" and that they "will join a conservative Jewish Synagogue." Also mentioned were son Emanuel P. Barnard and his wife, Bella, and daughter Pauline Lubell and her son Pincus "sometimes called Paul" Lubell. Additionally, Simon made bequests to his wife's sister Bertha Cohen of Boston; his wife's niece Anna Cohen of Boston; his sister Golda Cohen [Augusta Cowen] of New York, \$500 (with an additional \$500 by codicil of 22 August 1928); his sisters Esther Jacobs and Rosa Frank of New York, \$500 each; brothers Philip and William Barnard ("otherwise known as William Bernard") of New York, \$500 each; widowed sister-in-law Sarah Barnard, \$500; former daughter-in-law Essie Rubin of San Diego, California; niece Myra Barnard of New York, \$1500; nieces Sadie Berliner and "Etti" Kramer of Brooklyn, and Ray Sawyer and Minnie Cohen of New York, \$250 each; and "each of my other nieces living and unmarried at the time of my decease," \$250.⁴⁸⁰ What remained of his estate was to go into a trust from which the executors were to pay income to Simon's children until the youngest

⁴⁷⁴ *The Boston Directory . . . for the year commencing July 1, 1902* (Boston: Sampson and Murdock Company, 1902), 130, 2246 [JP]; and similar titles for (1903) 143 and 2346 [JP], (1904) 193, (1905) 57 [JP] and 195, (1906) 197, (1908) 58 [JP] and 193, (1909) 59 [JP] and 196, (1910) 114 [JP] and 198, (1911) 200, (1912) 198, (1913) 200, (1914) 216, (1915) 233, (1916) 235, (1917) 216. Simon Barnard household, 1910 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460).

⁴⁷⁵ Simon Barnard entries in Passenger and Crew Lists of Vessels Arriving at New York, N.Y., 1897–1957 (NARA T715): SS *Saratoga*, 7 Mar. 1911, vol. 3604, p. 10, line 28 (roll 1636); SS *Bermudian*, 10 Nov. 1913, vol. 5054, p. 12, line 23 (roll 2217); SS *San Lorenzo*, 22 Feb. 1926, vol. 8627, p. 25, line 5 (roll 3801).

⁴⁷⁶ *The Boston Directory . . .* (note 474), for (1918) 217, (1919) 217, (1920) 221, (1921), 240, (1922) 241, (1923) 173, (1924) 176. Simon Barnard household, 1920 Suffolk Co., Mass. (note 460).

⁴⁷⁷ *The Boston Directory . . . for the year commencing August 1, 1925* (Boston: Sampson and Murdock Company, 1925), 851; and similar title for (1926) 786, with no occupation listed.

⁴⁷⁸ Simon Barnard death cert. (note 460). Simon was not listed in the Boston directories for 1927–1929 but Louis I. was then at 1197 Beacon St.: *The Boston Directory . . .* (note 477), for (1927) 786, (1928) 785, (1929) 786.

⁴⁷⁹ "Retired Clothing Maker Dead" (note 466).

⁴⁸⁰ Gertrude Barber was married at this time, which is evidently why Simon did not name her in his will.

grandchild living at the time became 21. If an attorney needed to be employed, he wished "preference be given to one who is a member of our family." Esther B. Casson and Louis I. Barnard of Brookline, on 28 October 1929, petitioned to probate the will, stating Simon Barnard of Brookline died 23 October 1929, leaving children Esther B. Casson, Louis I. Barnard, Anna B. Dellheim, and Pauline B. Lubell of Brookline; Emanuel P. Barnard of Allston, Massachusetts; and Leslie F. and Harold F. Barnard of Belmont, Massachusetts. The inventory of 4 January 1930 showed real property valued at \$329,900 and personal estate at \$558,524.86. The final accounting for the trust was filed in 1944.⁴⁸¹

Julia and Simon Barnard were buried in the family plot in Temple Ohabei Shalom Cemetery on Wadsworth Street in East Boston, he on 23 October 1929⁴⁸² (the same day as his death and contrary to his wishes expressed when he wrote his will).

- iv. ESTHER/ERNESTINE² BARNARD,⁴⁸³ born 15 November 1853;⁴⁸⁴ died at her residence, 215 West 175th Street, Manhattan, New York City, 24 March 1941;⁴⁸⁵ married by Rabbi Marx Cohn in New York City 7 April 1878, LOUIS JACOBS,⁴⁸⁶ born in New York, New York,⁴⁸⁷ October 1848,⁴⁸⁸ died of acute nephritis at his residence, 220 West 140th Street, Manhattan, 25 June 1910, son of Jacob and Dora (Levy) Jacobs.⁴⁸⁹

At the time of marriage in 1878 Louis Jacobs was a "segarrmacher" [cigar maker] of 150 Clinton Street.⁴⁹⁰ He continued at cigar making and he and Esther

⁴⁸¹ Simon Barnard estate, Norfolk Co. Probate Court, file 75027, Canton, Mass. A summary of Simon's will was also published in the newspaper ("Barnard Leaves Gifts to Public; Will Asks Tests Be Made to Make Sure of Death," *The Boston Globe*, 31 Oct. 1929, p. 9, cols. 7–8).

⁴⁸² Julia D. Barnard death cert. (note 463). Simon Barnard death notice, *The Boston Globe* (note 461). Simon and Julia Barnard grave marker (note 460), with the Hebrew inscription on the other side of the marker showing "Here lies Simcha son of Boruch, died first day of the month of Cheshvan 5691, 79 years of age, and Yehudit daughter of Chaim, wife of Simcha Barnard, died 6 Adar I 5668."

⁴⁸³ She was listed as Ernestine only in 1870 (Simon Bernhard household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration [note 386]). This could be an error.

⁴⁸⁴ Esther Jacobs passport application, issued 20 Oct. 1922, #225652, Passport Applications, January 2, 1906–March 31, 1925 (NARA M1490, roll 2118), in which she also stated she was born in Warsaw, "Poland (Russia)." Esther Jacobs death cert., New York City, 1941, Manhattan Borough, #7045, indicating she was born 15 Nov. 1853. Her birth in Nov. 1853 is supported in the 1900 census (Louis Jacobs household, 1900 U.S. census, New York City, Manhattan Borough, New York Co., N.Y., ED 656, p. 3B, dw. 28, fam. 53 [NARA T623, roll 1110]), and reasonably supported by her age of 15 at arrival in the U.S. in 1869 (Amelia Barnard and children entries, SS *City of Brussels* [note 400]), her age of 22 at her marriage in 1878 ("Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. [note 393]), and by other census entries: Simon Bernhard household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., first enumeration (note 386); Amelia Bernhard household, 1870 New York Co., N.Y., second enumeration (note 407); Jacob Jacobs household, 1880 U.S. census, New York City, New York Co., N.Y., ED 145, p. 29, dw. 67, fam. 297 (NARA T9, roll 873); Louis Jacobs household, 1890 Police census, New York City, Assembly Dist. 6, Elec. Dist. 25, Police Pct. 12, Book 167, not paginated; Louis Jacobs household, 1905 New York state census, New York City, Manhattan Borough, New York Co., Assembly Dist. 22, Elec. Dist. 19, p. 15, county copy at New York County Clerk's Division of Old Records, New York, N.Y.; Louis Jacobs household, 1910 U.S. census, New York City, Manhattan Borough, Ward 12, New York Co., N.Y., ED 525, p. 5B, dw. 8, fam. 132 (NARA T624, roll 1021); Esther Jacobs household, 1920 U.S. census, New York City, Manhattan Borough, Assembly Dist. 9, New York Co., N.Y., ED 676, p. 1B, dw. 2, fam. 25 (NARA T625, roll 1201).

⁴⁸⁵ Esther Jacobs death cert. (note 484).

⁴⁸⁶ "Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. (note 393), which she signed as Ester Bernard. The certificate shows she lived at 159 Division St. (where her mother also resided), and that she was born in Poland, daughter of Baruch "Bernhardt" and Minvel Cohn. The witnesses were Isaac B. Bielefeld and A. Levy.

⁴⁸⁷ Louis Jacobs death cert., New York City, 1910, Manhattan Borough, #19787. "Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. (note 393). In an affidavit in 1922 Louis's brother Mark Jacobs of New York City stated Louis was born in New York City in Oct. 1859 (Esther Jacobs passport application [note 484]).

⁴⁸⁸ Louis Jacobs household, 1900 New York Co., N.Y. (note 484). This birth is reasonably supported by his age of 28 at marriage in 1878 ("Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. [note 393]), his age of 60 at death in 1910 (Louis Jacobs death cert. [note 487]), and in other census entries (Louis Jacobs in Jacob Jacobs household, 1880 New York Co., N.Y. [note 484]; and Louis Jacobs households in 1890 Police census [note 484], 1905 New York Co., N.Y. [note 484], and 1910 New York Co., N.Y. [note 484]).

⁴⁸⁹ Louis Jacobs death cert. (note 487). "Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. (note 393).

⁴⁹⁰ "Lewis Jacob"-Esther "Bernhard" marriage cert. (note 393).

spent the next decade at 150 Clinton, which was also his parents' residence and where in 1884 Esther's brothers Phillip and William lived.⁴⁹¹ The next family home was at 398 Grand Street for about six years.⁴⁹² At the time of Esther's mother death in the fall of 1895 the Jacobs family and Esther's brothers Harris, Philip, and Louis were at 300 East 118th Street. Other addresses for Louis Jacobs, cigars or cigarmaker, just before and after this time and probably for the right man are 123 West 16th Street, living at 119 West 124th Street, as well as residences at 326 East 123rd Street and 351 Third Avenue.⁴⁹³ At the end of the nineteenth century the Jacobses lived at 308 East 50th Street,⁴⁹⁴ where Esther's brothers Harris and Phillip also lived for some time. Although he had continued to make cigars for over twenty years, in 1900 Louis was a match factory foreman, no doubt working for his wife's brother Harris, and was renting at 432 East 57th Street in Manhattan, where Esther's mother spent her final days. In the Jacobs's household that year was "first cousin" Samuel Levy and "niece" Lillian Barnard.⁴⁹⁵

Assuming the family stayed in the neighborhood, they were next at 431 East 51st Street, with Louis a clerk.⁴⁹⁶ By 1905 he and Esther were back on East 50th Street, at number 327, but he had no occupation. With them, besides married daughter Ray Engleman, her husband, Louis, and son Jerome were Esther's brother "Philipp" Barnard, Louis's brothers Mark and Ike, and Louis's parents, Jacob and Dora Jacobs.⁴⁹⁷ About a year before he died Louis may have been at 239 West 141st Street,⁴⁹⁸ very near 220 West 140th, where he was renting in 1910 with his "own income." Listed with him and Esther in that census were their son Benjamin, daughter Fannie, and Jacob's brother Isaac.⁴⁹⁹ When Louis died a few months later in 1910, the Jacobses were still at 220 West 140th Street.⁵⁰⁰

For the next few years Esther lived at 203 West 108th Street, then nearby at 201 West 107th Street. After a brief stay at 1251 Brook Avenue at the end of the nineteen-teens⁵⁰¹ she rented at 9-11 West 79th Street, where her daughter

⁴⁹¹ *Trow's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1880) 750, (1881) 765, (1882) 801, (1883) 811, (1884) 831, (1885) 83 ["Barnard"] and 857 ["Jacobs"], (1886) 935 ["Lewis"], (1887) 959. Louis was not identified in the city directories for 1878 and 1879. Louis's occupation was listed as peddler in the 1880 census (Louis Jacobs in Jacob Jacobs household, 1880 New York Co., N.Y. [note 484]). William Barnard naturalization petition (note 404).

⁴⁹² *Trow's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1888) 965, (1889) 974, (1890) 979, (1891) 629, (1892) 671. Louis Jacobs household, 1890 Police census (note 484).

⁴⁹³ Emilie Barnard estate (note 414). *Trow's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1893) 697, (1894) 685 ["Lewis"], (1895) 684, (1896) 703, (1897) 709.

⁴⁹⁴ *Trow's New York City Directory* . . . (note 402), for (1898) 638. *Trow's General Directory of the Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx City of New York . . . for the Year Ending July 1, 1899* (New York: The Trow City Directory Company, 1898), 644; and similar title for (1900) 622.

⁴⁹⁵ Louis Jacobs household, 1900 New York Co., N.Y. (note 484). *Trow's General Directory of the Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx City of New York . . . for the Year Ending July 1, 1901* (New York: Trow Directory, Printing and Bookbinding Company, 1900), 650. Whether the relationship indicators relate to Louis or Esther Jacobs is not clear, and Samuel and Lillian have not been further identified, although the English birth of Lillian's father suggests he might be one of Esther's younger brothers.

⁴⁹⁶ *Trow's General Directory of . . . City of New York* . . . (note 495), for (1903) 684, (1904) 626, (1905) 663. Louis was not identified in the 1902 directory.

⁴⁹⁷ Louis Jacobs household, 1905 New York Co., N.Y. (note 484). *Trow's General Directory of . . . City of New York* . . . (note 495), for (1906) 696, (1907) 736. Louis was not identified in 1908 and 1909 directories.

⁴⁹⁸ *Trow's General Directory of . . . City of New York* . . . (note 495), for (1910) 713.

⁴⁹⁹ Louis Jacobs household, 1910 New York Co., N.Y. (note 484). According to the 1910 and the 1900 censuses (Louis Jacobs household, 1900 New York Co., N.Y. [note 484]) only three of Esther's eight children survived childhood.

⁵⁰⁰ *Trow's General Directory of . . . City of New York* . . . (note 495), for (1910) 713, (1911) 714. Louis Jacobs death cert. (note 487).

⁵⁰¹ *Trow's General Directory of . . . City of New York* . . . (note 495), for (1912) 757, (1913) 757, (1914) 618. R. L. Polk & Co.'s 1916 *Trow's* [sic] *General Directory of New York City Embracing the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx* . . . (New York: R. L. Polk & Co. [Inc.], 1915), 877 (wrongly showing her address as 201 W 157th); and similar titles for (1917) 1071, (1918) 1045, (1920-1921) 966. Esther is not identified in the

Fannie, telephone company supervisor, lived with her.⁵⁰² In the same apartment building lived Sarah Barnard, widow of Esther's brother Harris, and her children Myra and Robert.⁵⁰³ In 1922 Esther applied for a passport, giving her physical description as 4'4" in height, with high forehead, brown eyes, long nose, medium mouth, round chin, grey hair, dark complexion, and oval face.⁵⁰⁴ She and daughter Fannie toured Europe late that year and again in 1928, when their residence was 46 West 95th Street.⁵⁰⁵

In her will of 1 March 1928, Esther Jacobs of the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, named her daughters Fannie Jacobs and Ray M. Engelman; son Benjamin Jacobs; grandsons Jerome Engelman, Robert Benjamin Engelman, and Louis Engelman; granddaughter Dorothy Amelia Engelman (under 21); Harry Harris, son of David (deceased) and Lena Harris, now living at 11 East 106th Street, Manhattan; and Henrietta, wife of Joseph Rich, 921 Trinity Avenue, Bronx, New York City. She left money to the Home of the Daughters of Jacob in the Bronx, and to the New York Guild for the Jewish Blind of Manhattan. Named executrix Fannie Jacobs of 215 West 75th Street, Manhattan, petitioned for probate of the will 16 May 1941, indicating Esther Jacobs of the same address died 24 March 1941 leaving as her next of kin daughter Fannie Jacobs (petitioner); daughter Ray M. Engelman of 100 Saratoga Avenue, Yonkers, New York; and son Benjamin Jacobs of 3425 Gates Place, Bronx, New York City.⁵⁰⁶

Esther's death notices list her children Fannie, Bennie, and Ray M. Engelman and indicate she was to be buried in Washington Cemetery in Brooklyn.⁵⁰⁷ Her joint marker there with Louis shows "dear husband and father" with their dates of death and ages.⁵⁰⁸

(To be continued)

1915 directory and no directory was published for 1919. She was not listed at 203 West 108th or 201 West 107th in the 1915 New York state census.

⁵⁰² Esther Jacobs household, 1920 New York Co., N.Y. (note 484). Esther has not been identified in later city directories or in the 1925 New York state and 1930 federal censuses, but perhaps she was Esther Jacobs at 2685 G[rand] Blvd. in 1931 (*Manhattan and Bronx Residential Directory 1931* [New York: Manhattan and Bronx Directory Publishing Co., 1931], 478).

⁵⁰³ Sarah Barnard household, 1920 U.S. census, New York City, Manhattan Borough, Assembly Dist. 9, New York Co., N.Y., ED 676, p. 1B, dw. 2, fam. 29 (NARA T625, roll 1201).

⁵⁰⁴ Esther Jacobs passport application (note 484), which includes her photograph and in which she also stated she had lived in England for three months in 1897. No record of her arrival back in the United States, however, has been found.

⁵⁰⁵ Esther and Fannie Jacobs entries in Passenger and Crew Lists of Vessels Arriving at New York, N.Y., 1897–1957 (NARA T715): SS *President Monroe*, 29 Dec. 1922, vol. 7397, p. 111, lines 14 and 15 (roll 3236); SS *President Harding*, 4 May 1928, vol. 9466, p. 140, lines 23 and 24 (roll 4259).

⁵⁰⁶ Esther Jacobs estate, New York Co., N.Y., Surrogate's Court probate file 1191-1941. There is no estate file for Louis Jacobs.

⁵⁰⁷ Esther Jacobs death notices, *The New York Times*, 25 Mar. 1941, p. 23, col. 7, and 26 Mar. 1941, p. 23, col. 7.

⁵⁰⁸ Louis and Esther Jacobs marker, Washington Cemetery, Brooklyn, N.Y., digital image, *Jewish Genealogical Society* (<http://www.jgsny.org>). Louis was buried 26 June 1910 (Louis Jacobs death cert. [note 487]) and Esther was buried 26 Mar. 1941 (Esther Jacobs death cert. [note 484]).